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## VASCULAR PLANTS FLORA OF THE RAILWAY GROUNDS OF ZDUŃSKA WOLA

**Abstract:** In the paper a list and general characterization of vascular plants flora recorded on railway grounds in the city of Zduńska Wola is presented. The great diversity of habitats within the railway grounds as well as their readiness to accept numerous introduced species result in a high variety of vascular plants there. This flora consists of 366 taxa.

**Key words:** flora, vascular plants, railway grounds, Zduńska Wola, Central Poland

### 1. INTRODUCTION

The vascular plant flora of the railway grounds of the town of Zduńska Wola has not yet been the subject of complex research. Fairly abundant data on vascular plants occurrence on the railway grounds of this town is given by MOWSZOWICZ (1960, 1978) and SOWA (1971). The floristic investigation carried out on the railway grounds of Zduńska Wola in 1977–1981 enriched the list of taxa of this type of flora (SOWA, WARCHOLIŃSKA 1984). In that period 256 taxa of vascular plants were recorded in the area.

The diversity of railway habitats of Zduńska Wola is contributed to by the appearance, proliferation and settling of new colonizer plants, both of native as well as alien origin.

The main aim of the floristic research carried out in 2002–2004 was compiling an updated list of vascular plants occurring in diverse habitats of Zduńska Wola railway grounds and working out a general characterization of the investigated flora.

## 2. MATERIALS AND METHODS

Data contained in the studies cited in the „Introduction” and the results of investigations carried out in 2002–2004 were used to assess the state of the flora of Zduńska Wola railway grounds. On the basis of data analysis a systematic list of taxa occurring in the investigated flora of Zduńska Wola railway grounds was compiled and its general characterization was carried out.

The systematic arrangement of taxa of the list was accepted after SZAFAER et al. (1976) while the botanic nomenclature after MIREK et al. (2002). Studies by JACKOWIAK (1990), JANOWSKA (2002), LATOWSKI (1981, 2004), MOWSZOWICZ (1975), RUTKOWSKI (1998), WARCHOLIŃSKA (1993, 2003, 2004, 2005) were also employed.

In the list of taxa, the following data were subsequently given before and after their Latin names:

- \* – Recorded plants in 2002–2004;
- Constancy (Shl – Short living plants, Per – Perennial plants);
- Life form (M – Megaphanerophytes, N – Nanophanerophytes, Ch – Woody chamaephytes, C – Herbaceous chamaephytes, H – Hemicryptophytes, G – Geophytes, T – Therophytes);
- Geographic-historical group (Ap – Apophytes, A – Archaeophytes, Ep – Epophytes, He – Hemiagriophytes, Ho – Holoagriophytes, Er – Ergazio-phygophytes, Ef – Ephemeroephyses);
- Frequency classes (very rare, rare, rather frequent, frequent, common).

While determining the properties of vascular plants flora the following studies, among others, were employed: JACKOWIAK (1990), JANOWSKA (2002), KORNAŚ et al. (1959), KORNAŚ (1968), LATOWSKI (1981, 2004), MIREK et al. (2002), SZAFAER et al. (1976), WARCHOLIŃSKA (2003, 2004, 2005), ZAJĄC, ZAJĄC (1975), ZARZYCKI et al. (2002).

## 3. RESULTS

### 3.1. List of taxa

#### *Polypodiaceae*

- \*1. *Athyrium filix-femina* (L.) Roth – Per, H, Ap, very rare
- \*2. *Dryopteris filix-mas* (L.) Schott – Per, H, Ap, very rare
- \*3. *Pteridium aquilinum* (L.) Kuhn – Per, G, Ap, rare

#### *Equisetaceae*

- 4. *Equisetum arvense* L. – Per, G, Ap, common
- \*5. *E. sylvaticum* L. – Per, G, Ap, rare
- \*6. *E. palustre* L. – Per, G, Ap, very rare

*Pinaceae*

- \*7. *Pinus sylvestris* L. – Per, M, Ap, rare

*Cupressaceae*

- \*8. *Juniperus communis* L. – Per, N, Ap, rare

*Betulaceae*

9. *Betula pendula* Roth – Per, M, Ap, rather frequent  
 \*10. *Alnus glutinosa* (L.) Gaertn. – Per, M, Ap, very rare  
 \*11. *Carpinus betulus* L. – Per, M, Ap, very rare  
 \*12. *Corylus avellana* L. – Per, N, Ap, rare

*Fagaceae*

13. *Quercus robur* L. – Per, M, Ap, rare  
 \*14. *Q. rubra* L. – Per, M, He, rare

*Salicaceae*

15. *Populus alba* L. – Per, M, Ap, rare  
 16. *P. tremula* L. – Per, M, Ap, rather frequent  
 17. *Salix fragilis* L. – Per, M, Ap, very rare  
 \*18. *S. caprea* L. – Per, N, Ap, rare

*Cannabaceae*

19. *Cannabis sativa* L. – Shl, T, Er, rare

*Urticaceae*

20. *Urtica urens* L. – Shl, T, Ar, frequent  
 21. *U. dioica* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent

*Ulmaceae*

- \*22. *Ulmus laevis* Poll. – Per, M, Ap, very rare

*Polygonaceae*

- \*23. *Rumex maritimus* L. – Shl, T, Ap, very rare  
 \*24. *R. conglomeratus* Murray – Per, H, Ap, very rare  
 25. *R. obtusifolius* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 26. *R. crispus* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent  
 27. *R. acetosa* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 28. *R. acetosella* L. – Per, G, Ap, frequent  
 \*29. *Polygonum bistorta* L. – Per, G, Ap, very rare  
 30. *P. amphibium* L. – Per, G, Ap, rare  
 31. *P. persicaria* L. – Shl, T, Ap, common

32. *P. lapathifolium* L. subsp. *pallidum* (With.) Fr. – Shl, T, Ap, frequent
33. *P. lapathifolium* L. subsp. *lapathifolium*. – Shl, T, Ap, rare
34. *P. hydropiper* L. – Shl, T, Ap, rare
- \*35. *P. minus* Huds. – Shl, T, Ap, very rare
36. *P. aviculare* L. – Shl, T, Ap, common
- \*37. *Reynoutria sachalinensis* (F. Schmidt) Nakai – Per, G, Ep, very rare
- \*38. *R. japonica* Houtt. – Per, G, Ep, very rare
39. *Fallopia convolvulus* (L.) Á. Löve – Shl, T, Ar, common
40. *F. dumetorum* (L.) Holub – Shl, T, Ap, very rare
41. *Fagopyrum esculentum* Moench – Shl, T, Er, very rare

*Chenopodiaceae*

42. *Corispermum hyssopifolium* L. – Shl, T, Ep, very rare
- \*43. *Kochia laniflora* (S. G. Gmel.) Borbás – Shl, T, Ap, very rare
- \*44. *Chenopodium polyspermum* L. – Shl, T, Ap, very rare
45. *Ch. hybridum* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rare
46. *Ch. album* L. – Shl, T, Ap, common
47. *Ch. glaucum* L. – Shl, T, Ap, very rare
- \*48. *Atriplex hortensis* L. – Shl, T, Ep, very rare
49. *A. patula* L. – Shl, T, Ap, frequent
50. *Salsola kali* L. subsp. *ruthenica* (Iljin) Soó – Shl, T, Ep, very rare

*Amaranthaceae*

51. *Amaranthus caudatus* L. – Shl, T, Ef, very rare
52. *A. retroflexus* L. – Shl, T, Ep, frequent
53. *A. cruentus* L. – Shl, T, Er, very rare
54. *A. albus* L. – Shl, T, Ep, very rare
- \*55. *A. lividus* L. – Shl, T, Ep, rare

*Caryophyllaceae*

- \*56. *Dianthus deltoides* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare
- \*57. *Gypsophila muralis* L. – Shl, T, Ap, rare
- \*58. *Saponaria officinalis* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare
59. *Melandrium album* (Mill.) Garcke – Shl, H, Ap, frequent
60. *Silene vulgaris* (Moench) Garcke – Per, H, Ap, frequent
61. *Arenaria serpyllifolia* L. – Shl, T, Ap, rather frequent
62. *Stellaria media* (L.) Vill. – Shl, T, Ap, frequent
63. *S. graminea* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent
64. *Cerastium arvense* L. – Per, C, Ap, frequent
65. *C. holosteoides* Fr. Emend. Hyl. – Per, C, Ap, frequent
- \*66. *Scleranthus perennis* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare
67. *S. annuus* L. – Shl, T, Ar, frequent

68. *Spergula arvensis* L. – Shl, T, Ar, frequent  
 69. *S. morisonii* Boreau – Shl, T, Ap, very rare  
 70. *Spergularia rubra* (L.) J. Presl et C. Presl – Shl, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 71. *Herniaria glabra* L. – Shl, H, Ap, rather frequent

*Euphorbiaceae*

- \*72. *Euphorbia peplus* L. – Shl, T, Ar, very rare  
 \*73. *E. helioscopia* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent  
 74. *E. cyparissias* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent  
 75. *E. esula* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent

*Ranunculaceae*

- \*76. *Consolida regalis* S. F. Gray – Shl, T, Ar, very rare  
 \*77. *Ranunculus bulbosus* L. – Per, G, Ap, rare  
 78. *R. repens* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 79. *R. acris* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent

*Papaveraceae*

80. *Papaver argemone* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rare  
 81. *P. dubium* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent  
 82. *P. rhoeas* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rare  
 83. *P. somniferum* L. – Shl, T, Er, rare  
 84. *Chelidonium majus* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent  
 \*85. *Fumaria officinalis* L. – Shl, T, Ar, very rare

*Brassicaceae*

86. *Rorippa sylvestris* (L.) Besser – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 87. *Barbarea vulgaris* R. Br. – Shl, H, Ap, very rare  
 88. *Cardaminopsis arenosa* (L.) Hayek – Shl, H, Ap, rare  
 89. *Matthiola incana* (L.) R. Br. – Shl, H, Er, very rare  
 90. *Sisymbrium officinale* (L.) Scop. – Shl, T, Ar, frequent  
 91. *S. altissimum* L. – Shl, H, Ep, rare  
 92. *S. austriacum* Jacq. – Shl, H, Ef, very rare  
 93. *S. loeselii* L. – Shl, T, Ep, frequent  
 94. *Descurainia sophia* (L.) Webb ex Prantl – Shl, T, Ar, common  
 95. *Arabidopsis thaliana* (L.) Heynh. – Shl, T, Ap, rather frequent  
 96. *Erysimum cheiranthoides* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent  
 97. *Brassica napus* L. – Shl, T, Er, very rare  
 98. *B. rapa* L. subsp. *oleifera* DC. – Shl, T, Er, very rare  
 99. *Eructastrum gallicum* (Willd.) O. E. Schultz – Shl, T, Ep, very rare  
 100. *Sinapis arvensis* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rare  
 101. *S. alba* L. – Shl, T, Er, very rare

102. *Diplotaxis muralis* (L.) DC. – Shl, T, Ep, ratler frequent  
 103. *Alyssum alyssoides* (L.) L. – Shl, H, Ap, very rare  
 104. *Berteroa incana* (L.) DC. – Shl, T, Ap, common  
 105. *Erophila verna* (L.) Chevall. – Shl, T, Ap, frequent  
 106. *Armoracia rusticana* P. Gaertn. – Per, G, Ar, rather frequent  
 107. *Thlaspi arvense* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rare  
 108. *Lepidium campestre* (L.) R. Br. – Shl, T, Ar, very rare  
 109. *L. ruderale* L. – Shl, T, Ar, frequent  
 110. *L. densiflorum* Schrad. – Shl, T, Ep, very rare  
 111. *L. virginicum* L. – Shl, T, Ep, very rare  
 112. *Capsella bursa-pastoris* (L.) Medik. – Shl, T, Ar, common  
 113. *Rapistrum perenne* (L.) All. – Per, H, Ef, very rare  
 114. *Raphanus raphanistrum* L. – Shl, T, Ar, frequent  
 115. *R. sativus* L. – Shl, T, Er, rather frequent

*Resedaceae*

116. *Reseda lutea* L. – Shl, T, Ap, rare  
 117. *R. luteola* L. – Shl, T, Ar, very rare

*Violaceae*

118. *Viola tricolor* L. s. str. – Shl, T, Ap, frequent  
 119. *V. arvensis* Murray – Shl, T, Ar, frequent

*Clusiaceae*

120. *Hypericum humifusum* L. – Shl, T, Ap, very rare  
 \*121. *H. perforatum* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent

*Crassulaceae*

122. *Sedum acre* L. – Per, C, Ap, rather frequent

*Saxifragaceae*

123. *Saxifraga granulata* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare

*Rosaceae*

- \*124. *Rosa rugosa* Thunb. – Per, N, Ar, rare  
 125. *R. canina* L. – Per, N, Ap, rather frequent  
 \*126. *Rubus saxatilis* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 \*127. *R. idaeus* L. – Per, N, Ap, rare  
 128. *R. caesius* L. – Per, N, Ap, frequent  
 129. *Potentilla intermedia* L. Non Wahlenb. – Per, H, Ep, very rare  
 130. *P. recta* L. – Per, H, Ap, very rare  
 131. *P. argentea* L. s. str. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent

- \*132. *P. collina* Wibel s. str. – Per, H, Ap, rare
- 133. *P. reptans* L. – Per, H, Ap, very rare
- \*134. *P. erecta* (L.) Raeusch. – Per, H, Ap, very rare
- 135. *P. anserina* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent
- 136. *Alchemilla monticola* Opiz – Per, H, Ap, very rare
- 137. *Geum urbanum* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent
- \*138. *Agrimonia eupatoria* L. – Per, H, Ap, very rare
- 139. *Crataegus monogyna* Jacq. – Per, N, Ap, very rare
- 140. *Pyrus communis* L. – Per, M, Ar, very rare
- 141. *Sorbus aucuparia* L. Hedl. – Per, M, Ap, very rare
- \*142. *Prunus spinosa* L. – Per, N, Ap, very rare

*Fabaceae*

- \*143. *Lupinus polyphyllus* Lindl. – Per, H, He, very rare
- 144. *Lupinus luteus* L. – Shl, T, Er, very rare
- 145. *L. angustifolius* L. – Shl, T, Er, very rare
- \*146. *Medicago falcata* L. – Per, H, Ap, very rare
- 147. *M. sativa* L. – Per, H, Er, rather frequent
- 148. *M. lupulina* L. – Shl, T, Ap, frequent
- 149. *Melilotus alba* Medik. – Shl, H, Ap, frequent
- 150. *M. officinallis* (L.) Pall. – Shl, H, Ap, ratler frequent
- 151. *Trifolium arvense* L. – Shl, T, Ap, rather frequent
- 152. *T. dubium* Sibth. – Shl, T, Ap, rare
- 153. *T. campestre* Schreb. – Shl, T, Ap, ratler frequent
- 154. *T. aureum* Pollich – Shl, T, Ap, rather frequent
- 155. *T. repens* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent
- 156. *T. pratense* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent
- \*157. *T. medium* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare
- \*158. *Lotus uliginosus* Schkuhr – Per, H, Ap, rare
- 159. *L. corniculatus* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent
- 160. *Robinia pseudacacia* L. – Per, M, He, rather frequent
- \*161. *Astragalus glycyphyllos* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare
- 162. *Coronilla varia* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent
- \*163. *Ornithopus sativus* Brot. – Shl, T, Er, very rare
- 164. *Vicia hirsuta* (L.) S. F. Gray – Shl, T, Ar, frequent
- \*165. *V. terasperma* (L.) Schreb. – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent
- 166. *V. cracca* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent
- 167. *V. villosa* Roth – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent
- \*168. *V. sepium* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare
- \*169. *V. sativa* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rare
- 170. *V. angustifolia* L. – Shl, T, Ar, frequent
- 171. *Lathyrus pratensis* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare

*Lythraceae*

172. *Lythrum salicaria* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare

*Onagraceae*

173. *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 174. *Chamaenerion angustifolium* (L.) Scop. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 175. *Oenothera biennis* L. Ss. str. – Shl, H, Ap, frequent

*Malvaceae*

176. *Malva sylvestris* L. – Shl, H, Ar, rare  
 177. *M. neglecta* Wallr. – Shl, H, Ar, frequent

*Tiliaceae*

- \*178. *Tilia cordata* Mill. – Per, M, Ap, very rare

*Oxalidaceae*

- \*179. *Oxalis fontana* Bunge – Per, G, Ep, rather frequent

*Geraniaceae*

180. *Geranium pratense* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 181. *G. pusillum* Burm. F. ex L. – Shl, T, Ar, frequent  
 182. *Erodium cicutarium* (L.) L'Hér. – Shl, T, Ap, common

*Aceraceae*

183. *Acer pseudoplatanus* L. – Per, M, Ap, very rare  
 184. *A. platanoides* L. – Per, M, Ap, rather frequent  
 185. *A. negundo* L. – Per, M, He, rather frequent

*Hippocastanaceae*

- \*186. *Aesculus hippocastanum* L. – Per, M, Er, rare

*Balsaminaceae*

- \*187. *Impatiens parviflora* DC. – Shl, T, Ho, rare

*Apiaceae*

- \*188. *Sium latifolium* L. – Per, H, Ap, very rare  
 189. *Carum carvi* L. – Shl, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 \*190. *Aegopodium podagraria* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 191. *Pimpinella saxifraga* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent  
 192. *Aethusa cynapium* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rare  
 193. *Heracleum sibiricum* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent

194. *H. sphondylium* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 195. *Peucedanum oreoselinum* (L.) Moench – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 196. *Pastinaca sativa* L. – Shl, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 197. *Daucus carota* L. – Shl, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 \*198. *Anthriscus sylvestris* (L.) Hoffm. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 \*199. *Chaerophyllum bulbosum* L. – Shl, T, Ap, very rare  
 200. *Torilis japonica* (Houtt.) DC. – Shl, T, Ap, rather frequent

*Primulaceae*

201. *Lysimachia vulgaris* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare

*Convolvulaceae*

202. *Convolvulus arvensis* L. – Per, G, Ar, common

*Boraginaceae*

203. *Anchusa officinalis* L. – Shl, H, Ap, rare  
 204. *A. arvensis* (L.) M. Bieb. – Shl, T, Ar, very rare  
 205. *Symphytum officinale* L. – Per, H, Ap, very rare  
 206. *Echium vulgare* L. – Shl, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 207. *Lithospermum arvense* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent  
 208. *Myosotis stricta* Link ex Roem. & Schult. – Shl, T, Ap, frequent  
 209. *M. ramosissima* Rochel – Shl, T, Ap, very rare  
 210. *M. arvensis* (L.) Hill – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent

*Solanaceae*

211. *Hyoscyamus niger* L. – Shl, T, Ar, very rare  
 212. *Solanum nigrum* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rare  
 \*213. *S. tuberosum* L. – Per, G, Er, very rare  
 \*214. *Datura stramonium* L. – Shl, T, Ep, very rare

*Scrophulariaceae*

- \*215. *Verbascum thapsus* L. – Shl, H, Ap, rare  
 216. *V. densiflorum* Bertol. – Shl, H, Ap, rare  
 217. *V. nigrum* L. – Shl, H, Ap, frequent  
 218. *Linaria vulgaris* Mill. – Per, G, Ap, frequent  
 \*219. *Chaenorhinum minus* (L.) Lange – Shl, T, Ap, very rare  
 220. *Scrophularia nodosa* L. – Per, G, Ap, very rare  
 221. *Veronica chamaedrys* L. – Per, C, Ap, frequent  
 222. *V. serpyllifolia* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 \*223. *V. arvensis* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent  
 224. *V. verna* L. – Shl, T, Ap, rare

- \*225. *V. dillenii* Crantz – Shl, T, Ap, rare
- 226. *V. persica* Poir. – Shl, T, Ep, frequent
- 227. *Euphrasia rostkoviana* Hayne – Shl, T, Ap, rare
- \*228. *E. stricta* D. Wolff ex J. F. Lehmann – Shl, T, Ap, very rare
- 229. *Odontites serotina* (Lam.) Rchb. s. str. – Shl, T, Ap, rare
- 230. *O. verna* (Bellardi) Dumort. – Shl, T, Ar, rare

*Lamiaceae*

- 231. *Glechoma hederacea* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent
- 232. *Prunella vulgaris* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare
- 233. *Galeopsis tetrahit* L. – Shl, T, Ap, rather frequent
- 234. *G. bifida* Boenn. – Shl, T, Ap, frequent
- 235. *Lamium purpureum* L. – Shl, T, Ar, frequent
- 236. *L. amplexicaule* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent
- 237. *Stachys palustris* L. – Per, G, Ap, rare
- 238. *Leonurus cardiaca* L. – Per, H, Ar, rare
- 239. *Ballota nigra* L. – Per, H, Ar, rather frequent
- 240. *Salvia verticillata* L. – Per, H, Ap, very rare
- 241. *Clinopodium vulgare* L. – Per, H, Ap, very rare
- 242. *Acinos arvensis* (Lam.) Dandy – Shl, T, Ap, rare
- 243. *Thymus pulegioides* L. – Per, C, Ap, rare
- 244. *T. serpyllum* L. Emend. Fr. – Per, C, Ap, rather frequent
- 245. *Mentha arvensis* L. – Per, G, Ap, frequent

*Plantaginaceae*

- 246. *Plantago major* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent
- 247. *P. intermedia* Gilib. – Per, H, Ap, rare
- 248. *P. media* L. – Per, H, Ap, very rare
- 249. *P. lanceolata* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent

*Oleaceae*

- \*250. *Syringa vulgaris* L. – Per, N, Er, very rare
- \*251. *Ligustrum vulgare* L. – Per, N, Er, very rare

*Rubiaceae*

- 252. *Galium verum* L. s. str. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent
- 253. *G. mollugo* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent
- 254. *G. aparine* L. – Shl, T, Ap, rather frequent

*Caprifoliaceae*

- 255. *Sambucus nigra* L. – Per, N, Ap, rare
- 256. *Symporicarpos albus* (L.) S.F. Blake – Per, N, Er, very rare

*Dipsacaceae*

257. *Scabiosa ochroleuca* L. – Per, H, Ap, very rare  
 258. *Knautia arvensis* (L.) J. M. Coul. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent

*Cucurbitaceae*

- \*259. *Sicyos angulata* L. – Shl, T, He, very rare

*Campanulaceae*

- \*260. *Jasione montana* L. – Shl, H, Ap, rare  
 261. *Campanula rapunculoides* L. – Per, G, Ap, very rare  
 262. *C. patula* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare

*Asteraceae*

- \*263. *Solidago virgaurea* L. s. str. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 \*264. *S. canadensis* L. – Per, H, He, frequent  
 265. *S. gigantea* Aiton – Per, H, He, rather frequent  
 \*266. *Bellis perennis* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 267. *Conyza canadensis* (L.) Cornquist – Shl, T, Ep, common  
 \*268. *Erigeron acris* L. – Shl, H, Ap, rare  
 \*269. *E. annuus* (L.) Pers. – Per, H, He, rare  
 270. *Helianthus annuus* L. – Shl, T, Er, very rare  
 \*271. *Cosmos bipinnatus* Cav. – Shl, T, Er, very rare  
 272. *Galinsoga parviflora* Cav. – Shl, T, Ep, frequent  
 273. *G. ciliata* (Raf.) S. F. Blake – Shl, T, Ep, rare  
 274. *Anthemis arvensis* L. – Shl, T, Ar, frequent  
 \*275. *A. ruthenica* M. Bieb. – Shl, T, Ar, very rare  
 \*276. *A. cotula* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rare  
 \*277. *Achillea ptarmica* L. – Tr, H, Ap, rare  
 278. *A. millefolium* L. – Per, H, Ap, common  
 279. *Chamomilla suaveolens* (Pursh) Rydb. – Shl, T, Ep, frequent  
 280. *Matricaria maritima* L. subsp. *indora* (L.) Dostal – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent  
 281. *Leucanthemum vulgare* Lam. s. str. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 282. *Tanacetum vulgare* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent  
 283. *Artemisia absinthium* L. – Per, Ch, Ap, rather frequent  
 284. *A. vulgaris* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 285. *A. austriaca* Jacq. – Per, H, Ep, very rare  
 286. *A. campestris* L. – Per, Ch, Ap, rather frequent  
 287. *Tussilago farfara* L. – Per, G, Ap, rare  
 288. *Senecio vulgaris* L. – Shl, T, Ar, common  
 289. *S. viscosus* L. – Shl, T, Ap, rare  
 290. *S. vernalis* Waldst. & Kit. – Shl, T, Ep, rather frequent

291. *S. jacobaea* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent  
 292. *Arctium tomentosum* Mill. – Shl, H, Ap, frequent  
 293. *A. lappa* L. – Shl, H, Ap, frequent  
 \*294. *A. minus* (Hill) Bernh. – Shl, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 295. *Carduus acanthoides* L. – Shl, H, Ar, very rare  
 296. *Cirsium vulgare* (Savi) Ten. – Shl, H, Ap, rare  
 297. *C. arvense* (L.) Scop. – Per, G, Ap, common  
 298. *Onopordum acanthium* L. – Shl, H, Ar, very rare  
 299. *Centaurea scabiosa* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 300. *C. stoebe* L. – Shl, H, Ap, frequent  
 301. *C. cyanus* L. – Shl, T, Ar, very rare  
 302. *C. jacea* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 303. *Cichorium intybus* L. – Per, H, Ar, rather frequent  
 304. *Lapsana communis* L. – Shl, T, Ap, rare  
 \*305. *Hypochoeris radicata* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 \*306. *H. glabra* L. – Shl, T, Ap, rather frequent  
 307. *Tragopogon pratensis* L. – Shl, H, Ap, frequent  
 308. *Leontodon autumnalis* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent  
 \*309. *L. hispidus* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 310. *Taraxacum officinale* F. H. Wigg. – Per, H, Ap, common  
 311. *Sonchus oleraceus* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent  
 312. *S. asper* (L.) Hill – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent  
 313. *S. arvensis* L. – Per, G, Ap, common  
 \*314. *Lactuca serriola* L. – Shl, H, Ar, rather frequent  
 315. *Crepis biennis* L. – Shl, H, Ap, rare  
 316. *C. tectorum* L. – Shl, T, Ap, rather frequent  
 317. *Hieracium pilosella* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent

*Liliaceae*

- \*318. *Allium vineale* L. – Per, G, Ap, rare  
 \*319. *Ornithogallum umbellatum* L. – Per, G, Ap, very rare  
 320. *Asparagus officinalis* L. – Per, G, Ap, very rare

*Juncaceae*

321. *Juncus bufonius* L. – Shl, T, Ap, rather frequent  
 \*322. *J. tenuis* Willd. – Per, H, Ep, rare  
 \*323. *J. conglomeratus* L. Emend. Leers – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 324. *Luzula campestris* (L.) DC. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent

*Cyperaceae*

325. *Carex hirta* L. – Per, G, Ap, rather frequent

*Poaceae*

326. *Digitaria ischaemum* (Schreb.) H. L. Mühl. – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent  
 327. *Echinochloa crus-galli* (L.) P. Beauv. – Shl, T, Ar, rare  
 328. *Setaria pumila* (Poir.) Roem. & Schult. – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent  
 329. *S. viridis* (L.) P. Beauv. – Shl, T, Ar, rather frequent  
 330. *Anthoxanthum odoratum* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 \*331. *A. aristatum* Boiss. – Shl, T, Ep, rare  
 332. *Phleum pratense* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 \*333. *Alopecurus pratensis* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 334. *Apera spica-venti* (L.) P. Beauv. – Shl, T, Ar, rare  
 335. *Agrostis stolonifera* L. – Per, H, Ap, frequent  
 336. *A. capillaris* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 \*337. *Calamagrostis epigejos* (L.) Roth – Per, G, Ap, rather frequent  
 \*338. *Holcus mollis* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 339. *H. lanatus* L. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 340. *Corynephorus canescens* (L.) P. Beauv. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 341. *Avena sativa* L. – Shl, T, Er, very rare  
 342. *Arrhenatherum elatius* (L.) P. Beauv. ex J. Presl & C. Presl. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 \*343. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud. – Per, G, Ap, very rare  
 344. *Eragrostis minor* Host – Shl, T, Ep, very rare  
 345. *Cynosurus cristatus* L. – Per, H, Ap, very rare  
 346. *Dactylis glomerata* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 347. *Poa annua* L. – Shl, T, Ap, frequent  
 348. *P. compressa* L. – Per, G, Ap, very rare  
 349. *P. trivialis* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 350. *P. pratensis* L. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 351. *Puccinellia distans* (Jacq.) Parl. – Per, H, Ap, very rare  
 \*352. *Bromus inermis* Leyss. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 \*353. *B. sterilis* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rare  
 354. *B. tectorum* L. – Shl, T, Ar, frequent  
 355. *B. hordeaceus* L. – Shl, T, Ap, frequent  
 \*356. *B. carinatus* Hook & Arn. – Per, H, Ep, rare  
 357. *Festuca rubra* L. s. str. – Per, H, Ap, rare  
 358. *F. pratensis* Huds. – Per, H, Ap, rather frequent  
 359. *Lolium perenne* L. – Per, H, Ap, common  
 360. *L. multiflorum* Lam. – Per, H, Ep, rare  
 361. *Elymus repens* (L.) Gould – Per, G, Ap, common  
 362. *Triticum aestivum* L. – Shl, T, Er, rare  
 363. *Secale cereale* L. – Shl, T, Er, rare  
 364. *Hordeum vulgare* L. – Shl, T, Er, rare  
 365. *H. murinum* L. – Shl, T, Ar, rare  
 366. *Zea mays* L. – Shl, T, Er, very rare

### 3.2. The general characterization of the vascular plants flora of the railway grounds of Zduńska Wola

The flora of vascular plants of the Zduńska Wola railway grounds is rich. At present it comprises 366 taxa, which belong to 53 families. *Compositae* (55 taxa), *Gramineae* (41 taxa), *Cruciferae* (30 taxa), *Papilionaceae* (29 taxa), *Polygonaceae* (19 taxa), *Rosaceae* (19 taxa), *Caryophyllaceae* (16 taxa), *Scrophulariaceae* (16 taxa), *Labiatae* (15 taxa) and *Umbelliferae* (13 taxa) are the families that are richest in taxa. They comprise a total of 253 (69.1%) vascular plants of the investigated flora.

In years 2002–2004 recorded 102 new plants (see "List of taxa" – \*).

Vascular plants of the very rare (94 taxa – 25.6%) and rare groups (102 taxa – 27.9%) were most frequently recorded. They constituted a total of 196 (53.5%) taxa. The interesting species of these groups are, e.g.: *Rumex maritimus*, *Reynoutria sachalinenses*, *Reseda lutea*, *R. luteola*, *Aethusa cynapium*, *Anchusa arvensis*, *Leonurus cardiaca*, *Lactuca serriola*. The other groups comprised, respectively: that of rather frequent – 84 (23.3%) taxa, of frequent – 68 (18.6%) taxa, of common – 18 (4.9%) taxa.

In the vascular plants flora of the Zduńska Wola railway grounds perennial plants dominated (186 taxa – 50.9%). As regards life forms plants of the group of hemicryptophytes (151 taxa – 41.3%) and therophytes (146 taxa – 39.9%) dominated. The group of geophytes comprised 30 (8.2%), of megaphanerophytes 18 (4.9%), and of nanophanerophytes 13 (3.6%) taxa. Only 8 taxa (2.2%) belonged to the other groups; 2 to woody chamaephytes (0.6%) and 6 to herbaceous chamaephytes (1.6%).

Plants of native origin (apophytes) constituted the most abundant group (233 taxa – 63.7%) among the geographic-historical groups. *Equisetum arvense*, *Polygonum aviculare*, *Chenopodium album*, *Berteroa incana*, *Erodium cicutarium*, *Taraxacum officinale*, *Sonchus arvensis*, *Lolium perenne*, *Elymus repens* belonged, among others, to the most common apophytes. Plants that belonged to the archaeophytes (67 taxa – 18.3%) were frequently and plants that belonged to the epoecophytes (29 taxa – 7.9%) and ergaziophygophytes (25 taxa – 6.8%) groups rather frequently noted. Plants of the holoagriophytes (1 taxa – 0.3%), ephemeralophytes (3 taxa – 0.8%) and hemiagriophytes (8 taxa – 2.2%) groups were very rarely and rarely recorded. *Hyoscyamus niger*, *Carduus acanthoides*, *Onopordum acanthium*, *Lactuca serriola* from the group of archaeophytes, and *Corispermum hyssopifolium*, *Salsola kali*, *Amaranthus caudatus*, *A. albus*, *Datura stramonium* and *Eragrostis minor* from the group of epoecophytes were those that should be mentioned as interesting in the group of antropophytes.

#### 4. DISCUSSION

The vascular plants flora of the Zduńska Wola railway grounds is rich. At present, it comprises 366 taxa, belonging to 53 families. Its richness is mostly affected by diverse habitat conditions and spatial arrangement and size areas of these habitats. Besides, by the vicinity of various communities, mainly ruderal and seminatural.

The characteristic distinguishing features of the investigated flora are attributable to very rare and rare plants (196 taxa – 53.5%). *Corispermum hyssopifolium*, *Reseda lutea*, *R. luteola*, *Anchusa arvensis*, *Hyoscyamus niger*, *Datura stramonium*, *Scabiosa ochroleuca*, *Carduus acanthoides*, *Lactuca serriola*, *Eragrostis minor*, *Cynosurus cristatus*, *Puccinellia distans* belong, among others, to the interesting species of these groups. Plants of the common group (18 taxa – 4.9%), e.g. *Equisetum arvense*, *Polygonum aviculare*, *Fallopia convolvulus*, *Chenopodium album*, *Berteroa incana*, *Erodium cicutarium*, *Achillea millefolium*, *Taraxacum officinale*, *Lolium perenne*, *Elymus repens* had the lowest share in the analysed flora.

Note also the plants of native origin (apophytes). They constituted the group that was richest in plants (233 taxa – 63.7%). *Kochia laniflora*, *Agromonia eupatoria*, *Trifolium fragiferum*, *Anthyllis vulneraria*, *Astragalus cicer*, *Lysimachia mummularia*, *Chaenorhinum minus*, *Scabiosa ochroleuca*, *Cynosurus cristatus* should be mentioned among the groups of very rare and rare species.

The investigation results presented in the present study may be used in the future as a basis for comparative analyses of railway grounds floras in Central Poland, as well as the vascular plants flora of the Zduńska Wola railway grounds.

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